Literacy and Numeracy Parent Workshop Melrose Park Public School







Successful Students - Effective Practices - Connected Communities

Literacy K-2

Three Main Literacy Components

- Speaking, Listening and Interacting
- Reading and Viewing
- Writing and Representing

Speaking: Ability to express language to express and share ideas which is appropriate to audience and purpose

Listening: making meaning from spoken and audio texts

Interacting: using language to share information and negotiate meaning. It focuses on the development of two-way interaction.

Examples of Opportunities for Development in the Classroom

- Shared reading experiences
- Pair and group work
- Explanation of mathematical thinking, science, history and geography understanding
- Whole class discussions
- Formal and informal presentations to the class
- Public speaking events

Developing these skills at home:

- Shared reading
- Daily conversations

Reading and Viewing

- Phonological awareness: Sounds in words including rhyming and syllables
- Phonics and word recognition: letter sound relationships and sight words
- Fluency: expressive and phrased reading
- Comprehension: gaining meaning from texts

Examples of Opportunities for Development in the Classroom:

- Shared and modelled and independent reading including poetry
- Guided reading groups
- Phonics Programs: Initial- Lit for Kindergarten
- Sight words activities
- Comprehension activities focusing on questioning, predicting, making connections, visualising, summarising.

Decodable and sight words

Decodable:

flat fish chin

Sight Words:

they said are

Home reading

Children should feel successful when reading to you.

To help this happen:

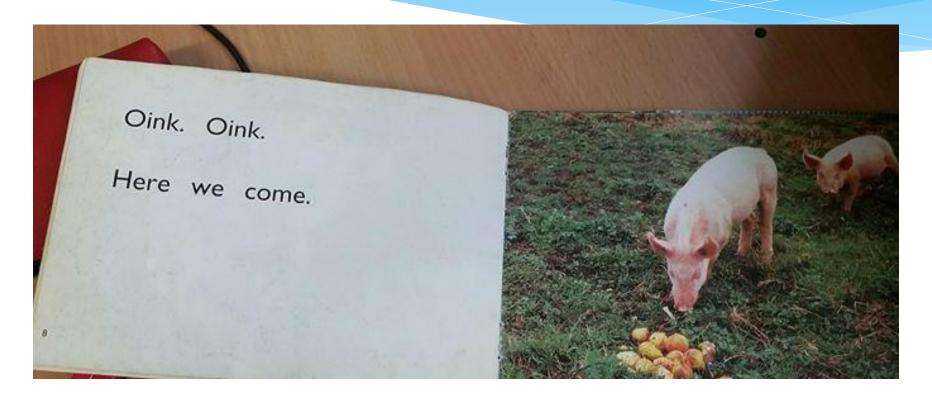
- We give students texts at lower levels to take home
- Read the book together before they attempt it independently
- Tell them the word after 3 seconds
- Support with prompts

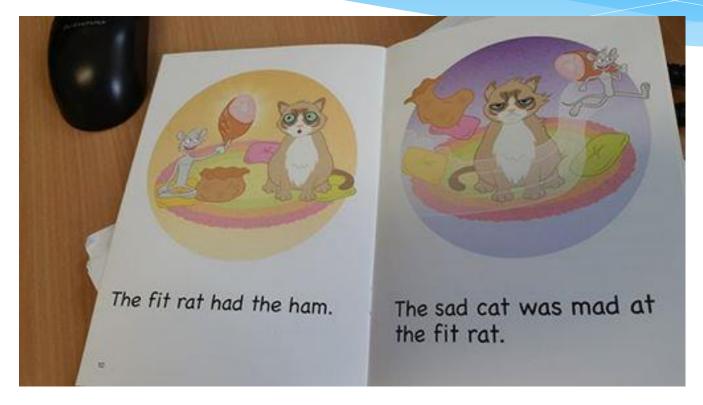
Home Reading Prompts:

- Think about the story...
- Use the letters to help you...

To assist your child to self-correct:

- Does that make sense?
- Does that look right?





Assisting with Comprehension at Home:

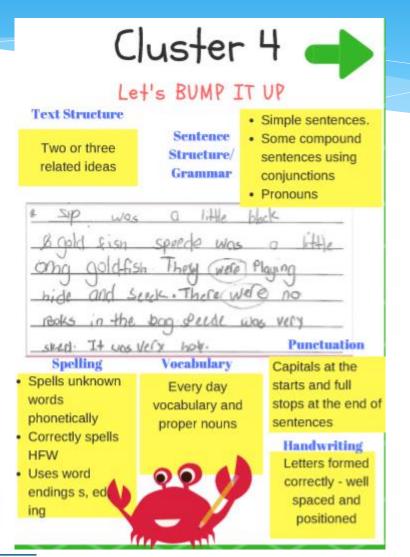
- What was your favourite part?
- What happened at the beginning? middle? end?
- Who was your favourite character?
- Did you like this story? Why? Why not?
- What do you think this word means?

Introducing New Vocabulary.

He peeked inside the box when no one was looking.

Writing

- **Creating texts:** creating texts for a range of purposes persuasive, informative, imaginative
- **Punctuation**: capitals, fullstops, commas, apostrophes, speech marks
- **Spelling:** progression from invented spelling, linking sounds to letters, becoming familiar with spelling patterns, high frequency words
- **Grammar:** nouns, adjectives, adverbs, verbs, sentence structure (including simple, compound and complex sentence structures)
- Handwriting and Keyboarding: including both accuracy and fluency





Learning and Growing together

Cluster 6



Text Structure

Let's BUMP IT UP

Evidence of structure and feature of imaginative, persuasive and informative texts that reflect purpose and

Sentence Structure/ Grammar

- Variety of sentence structures including complex
- Variation in beginnings
- Correct pronoun references
- Time connectives to sequence ideas

Punctuation

- Capital letters for familiar proper nouns
- Uses full stops, quotation marks and exclamation marks to end sentences.

Handwriting

 Correct, consistent, legible - appearing to be fluent

The frog prince continued On once there was afrog prince. The free prince doubled not look like a frog but his lipe were still slimp. The from prince and princess lived chapping GUEY OFTEDFOR athew months. The frey prince read a book and at the end of the book it said and they live happaly ever after the end. So the frog prince Stayed at the castle and drove the princess crazy After the frog prince drove the princess grazy he finally left the castle. OThe first witch he went to was scary. That witch had a poisoned Apple so the from (prine) prince ron away to an Other (Ca) (cottage) cottage. (The worker) This witch was Gol gardening. The witchs house was made out of ginger ginger bread the frog

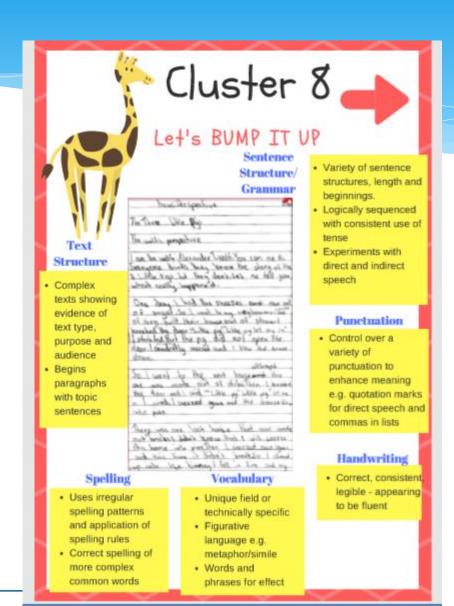
Spelling

 Uses consonant blends, vowel digraphs and silent letters More precise vocabulary choices to describe

Vocabulary

Stronger verbs







Learning and Growing together

How to Support Writing at Home:

- Read a variety of texts.
- Explain new vocabulary.
- Point out a variety of punctuation features and their purpose.
- Remember that while spelling is important it is not the main focus of writing.

How to develop handwriting at home

- Encourage your child to practise for a short time daily(2-3 minutes).
- Build muscle strength in fingers through playdoh, picking up items with tweezers, tearing paper, mixing watercolours with eyedroppers, Lego.

Most importantly.....

Develop a love of literacy through reading together and celebrating daily successes.

Questions?